

Appl. No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT**Amendments to the Claims:**

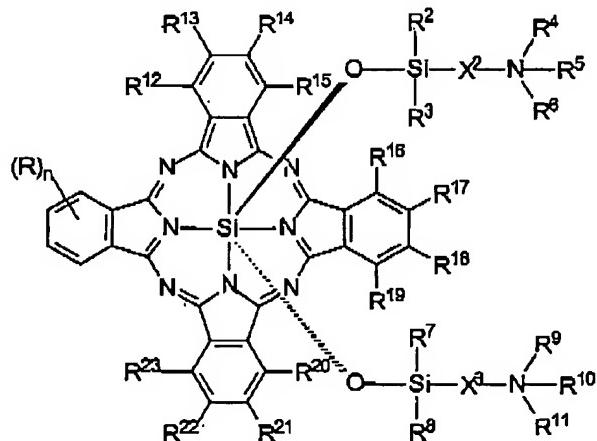
This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently amended) A phthalocyanine dye comprising a luminescent fluorophore moiety having at least one silicon containing [[an]] aqueous-solubilizing moiety, wherein said phthalocyanine dye has a core atom selected from the group consisting of Si, Ge, Sn, and Al; wherein said phthalocyanine dye exists as a single core isomer, essentially free of other isomers; and has a reactive or activatable group.

2. (Original) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 1, wherein said core atom is Si.

3. (Original) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 2, wherein said dye has Formula I:



I

wherein:

R is a member selected from the group consisting of -L-Q and -L-Z';

Appl. No. 10/693,300  
Amtd. dated June 14, 2005  
Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

L is a member selected from the group consisting of a direct link, or a covalent linkage, wherein said covalent linkage is linear or branched, cyclic or heterocyclic, saturated or unsaturated, having 1-60 atoms selected from the group consisting of C, N, P, O, and S, wherein L can have additional hydrogen atoms to fill valences, and wherein said linkage contains any combination of ether, thioether, amine, ester, carbamate, urea, thiourea, oxy or amide bonds; or single, double, triple or aromatic carbon-carbon bonds; or phosphorus-oxygen, phosphorus-sulfur, nitrogen-nitrogen, nitrogen-oxygen, or nitrogen-platinum bonds; or aromatic or heteroaromatic bonds;

Q is a reactive or an activatable group;

Z<sup>1</sup> is a material;

n is 1 or 2;

R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, and R<sup>8</sup> are each independently selected from optionally substituted alkyl, and optionally substituted aryl;

R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, and R<sup>11</sup>, if present, are each members independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkanoyl, optionally substituted alkoxy carbonyl, optionally substituted alkylcarbamoyl, and a chelating ligand, wherein at least one of R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, and R<sup>11</sup> comprises a water soluble group;

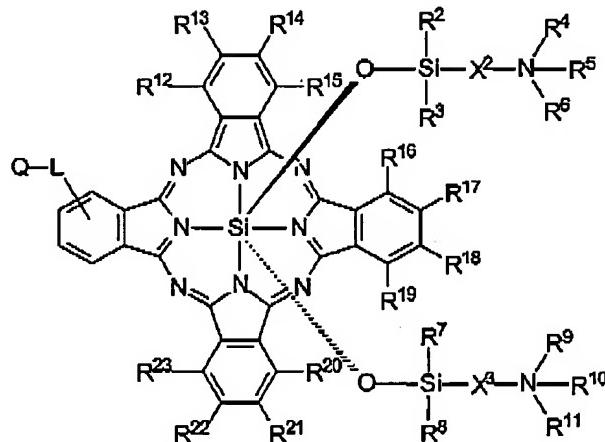
R<sup>12</sup>, R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, R<sup>15</sup>, R<sup>16</sup>, R<sup>17</sup>, R<sup>18</sup>, R<sup>19</sup>, R<sup>20</sup>, R<sup>21</sup>, R<sup>22</sup> and R<sup>23</sup> are each members independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted alkylthio, optionally substituted alkylamino and optionally substituted alkoxy, or in an alternative embodiment, at least one of i) R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, and the carbons to which they are attached, or ii) R<sup>17</sup>, R<sup>18</sup>, and the carbons to which they are attached, or iii) R<sup>21</sup>, R<sup>22</sup> and the carbons to which they are attached, join to form a fused benzene ring; and

X<sup>2</sup> and X<sup>3</sup> are each members independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylene optionally interrupted by a heteroatom, wherein if n is 1, the phthalocyanine may be substituted either at the 1 or 2 position and if n is 2, each R may be the same or different, or alternatively, they may join to form a 5- or 6-membered ring.

Appl. No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

4. (Original) The pbthalocyanine dye of claim 3, wherein said dye has  
 Formula Ia:



Ia

wherein: R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, and R<sup>8</sup> are each independently selected from optionally substituted alkyl, and optionally substituted aryl;

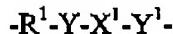
R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, and R<sup>11</sup>, if present, are each members independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkanoyl, optionally substituted alkoxy carbonyl, optionally substituted alkylcarbamoyl, wherein at least one of R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, and R<sup>11</sup> comprises a water soluble group; and

R<sup>12</sup>, R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, R<sup>15</sup>, R<sup>16</sup>, R<sup>17</sup>, R<sup>18</sup>, R<sup>19</sup>, R<sup>20</sup>, R<sup>21</sup>, R<sup>22</sup> and R<sup>23</sup> are each members independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted alkylthio, optionally substituted alkylamino and optionally substituted alkoxy, or in an alternative embodiment, at least one of i) R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, and the carbons to which they are attached, or ii) R<sup>17</sup>, R<sup>18</sup>, and the carbons to which they are attached, or iii) R<sup>21</sup>, R<sup>22</sup> and the carbons to which they are attached, join to form a fused benzene ring.

Appl. No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

5. (Currently amended) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 4, wherein L is of the formula



wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is a bivalent radical or a direct link;

Y and Y<sup>1</sup> are each independently selected from the group consisting of a direct link, oxygen, an optionally substituted nitrogen and sulfur; and

X<sup>1</sup> is a member selected from the group consisting of a direct link and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylene optionally interrupted by a heteroatom[{:}] :

6. (Original) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 5, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is a bivalent radical selected from the group consisting of optionally substituted alkylene, optionally substituted alkyleneoxycarbonyl, optionally substituted alkylenercarbamoyl, optionally substituted alkylenesulfonyl, optionally substituted alkylenesulfonylcarbamoyl, optionally substituted arylene, optionally substituted arlenesulfonyl, optionally substituted aryleneoxycarbonyl, optionally substituted arlenecarbamoyl, optionally substituted arlenesulfonylcarbamoyl, optionally substituted carboxyalkyl, optionally substituted carbamoyl, optionally substituted carbonyl, optionally substituted heteroarylene, optionally substituted heteroaryleneoxycarbonyl, optionally substituted heteroarylenecarbamoyl, optionally substituted heteroarylenesulfonylcarbamoyl, optionally substituted sulfonylcarbamoyl, optionally substituted thiocarbonyl, a optionally substituted sulfonyl, and optionally substituted sulfinyl.

7. (Original) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 5, wherein R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, and R<sup>8</sup> are each independently selected from optionally substituted alkyl, and optionally substituted aryl,

R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, and R<sup>11</sup>, if present, are each members independently selected from an optionally substituted alkyl, wherein at least two members of the group consisting of R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, and R<sup>9</sup> comprise a water soluble functional group;

R<sup>12</sup>, R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, R<sup>15</sup>, R<sup>16</sup>, R<sup>17</sup>, R<sup>18</sup>, R<sup>19</sup>, R<sup>20</sup>, R<sup>21</sup>, R<sup>22</sup> and R<sup>23</sup> are each hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted alkylthio, optionally substituted alkylamino and optionally

Appl. No. 10/693,300  
Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

substituted alkoxy, or in an alternative embodiment, at least one of R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, and the carbons to which they are attached, or R<sup>17</sup>, R<sup>18</sup>, and the carbons to which they are attached, or R<sup>21</sup>, R<sup>22</sup> and the carbons to which they are attached, join to form a fused benzene ring;

X<sup>1</sup>, X<sup>2</sup> and X<sup>3</sup> are each members independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylene optionally interrupted by a heteroatom; and

Y and Y<sup>1</sup> are each independently selected from the group consisting of a direct link, oxygen, an optionally substituted nitrogen and sulfur.

8. (Original) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 7, wherein R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, and R<sup>8</sup> are each independently selected from optionally substituted methyl, ethyl, and isopropyl;

R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, and R<sup>11</sup>, if present, are each members independently selected from an optionally substituted alkyl, wherein at least two members of the group consisting of R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, and R<sup>9</sup> comprise a substituent selected from the group consisting of a carboxylate (-CO<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup>) group, a sulfonate (-SO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>) group, a sulfonyl (-SO<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup>) group, a sulfate (-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>-2</sup>) group, a hydroxyl (-OH) group, a phosphate (-OPO<sub>3</sub><sup>-2</sup>) group, a phosphonate (-PO<sub>3</sub><sup>-2</sup>) group, an amine (-NH<sub>2</sub>) group and an optionally substituted quaternized nitrogen with each having an optional counter ion;

R<sup>12</sup>, R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, R<sup>15</sup>, R<sup>16</sup>, R<sup>17</sup>, R<sup>18</sup>, R<sup>19</sup>, R<sup>20</sup>, R<sup>21</sup>, R<sup>22</sup> and R<sup>23</sup> are each hydrogen;

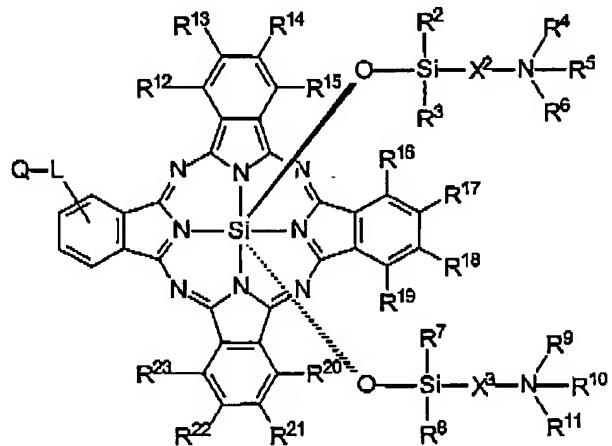
X<sup>1</sup>, X<sup>2</sup> and X<sup>3</sup> are each members independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylene optionally interrupted by a heteroatom; and

Y and Y<sup>1</sup> are each independently selected from the group consisting of a direct link, oxygen, an optionally substituted nitrogen and sulfur.

Appl. No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

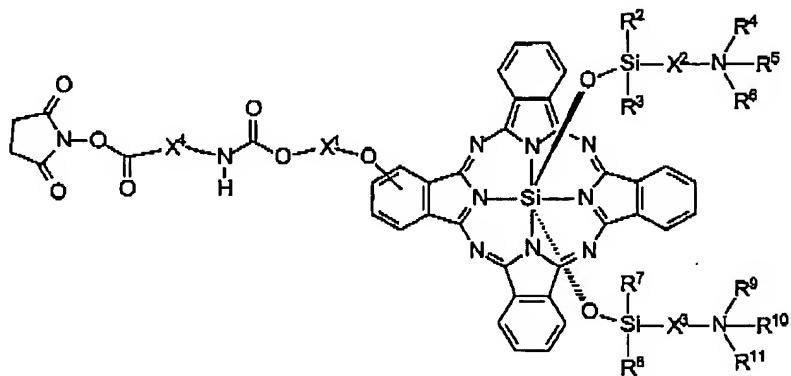
PATENT

9. (Previously presented) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 4, wherein said dye has the formula:



wherein Q is a reactive or an activatable group selected from the group consisting of an alcohol, an activated ester, an acyl halide, an alkyl halide, an optionally substituted amine, an anhydride, a carboxylic acid, a carbodiimide, hydroxyl, iodoacetamide, an isocyanate, an isothiocyanate, a maleimide, an NHS ester, a phosphoramidite, a platinum complex, a sulfonate ester, a thiol, and a thiocyanate.

10. (Original) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 9, wherein said compound has the formula:



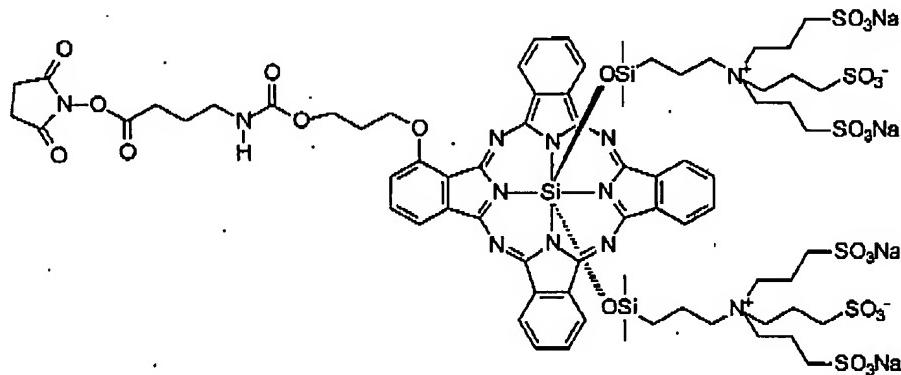
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Appl. No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

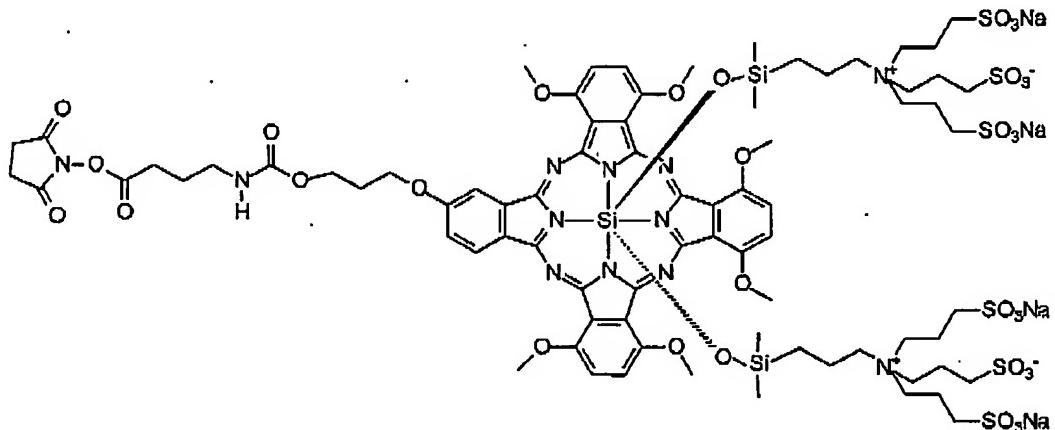
wherein X<sup>4</sup> is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylene optionally interrupted by a heteroatom.

11. (Original) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 10, wherein said compound has the formula:



Ic

12. (Previously presented) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 4, wherein said compound has the formula:

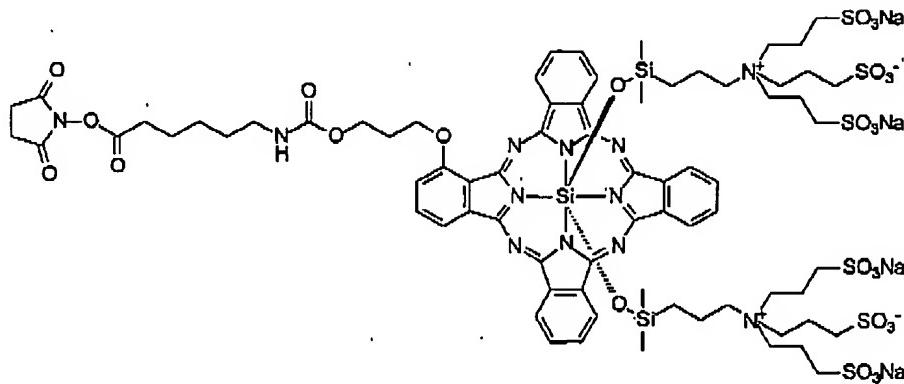


Id

Appl. No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

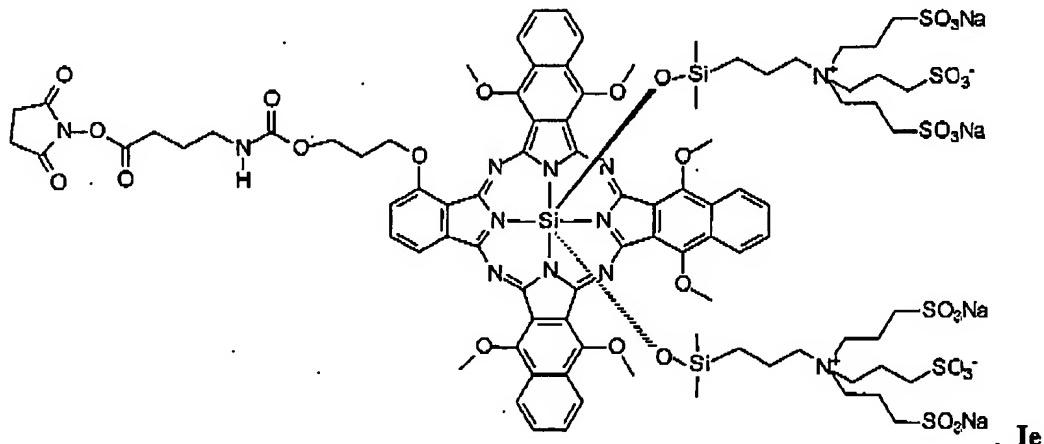
PATENT

13. (Currently amended) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 4, wherein said compound has the formula:



Id-1

14. (Previously presented) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 4, wherein said compound has the formula:

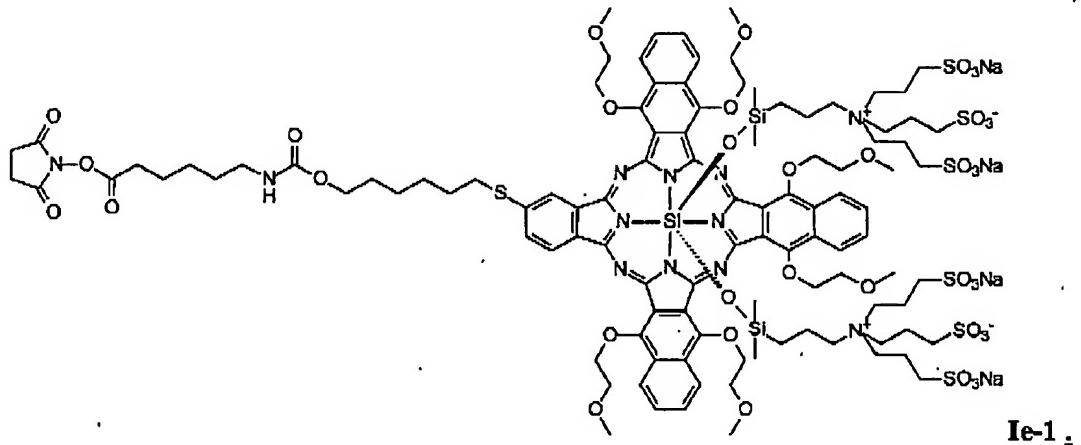


Ie

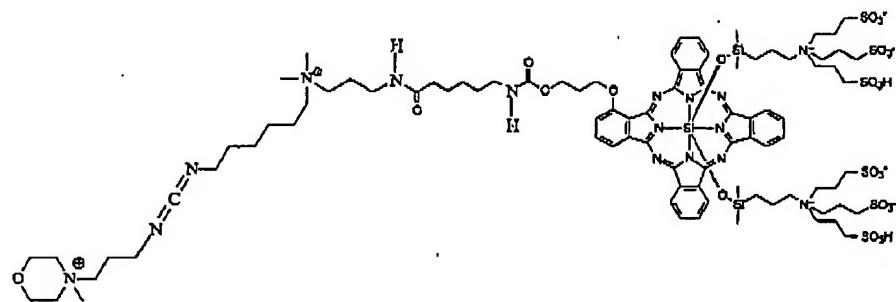
Appl. No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

15. (Currently amended) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 4, wherein said compound has the formula:



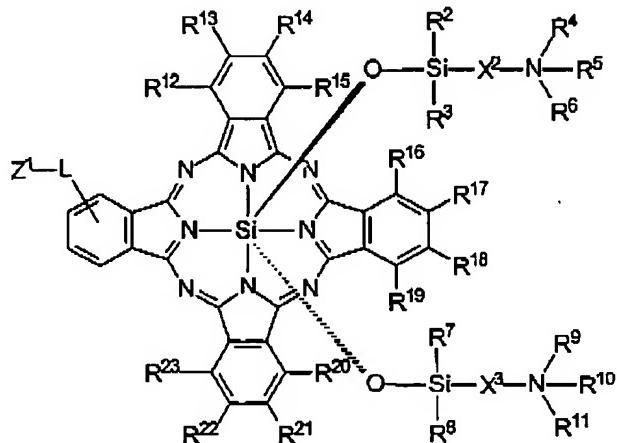
16. (Currently amended) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 4, wherein said compound has the formula:



Appl. No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

17. (Original) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 3, wherein said dye has the formula

**If**

wherein:

$Z^1$  is a material;

$L$  is a member selected from the group consisting of a direct link, or a covalent linkage, wherein said covalent linkage is linear or branched, cyclic or heterocyclic, saturated or unsaturated, having 1-60 atoms selected from the group consisting of C, N, P, O, and S, wherein  $L$  can have additional hydrogen atoms to fill valences, wherein said linkage contains any combination of ether, thioether, amine, ester, carbamate, urea, thiourea, oxy or amide bonds; or single, double, triple or aromatic carbon-carbon bonds; or phosphorus-oxygen, phosphorus-sulfur, nitrogen-nitrogen, nitrogen-oxygen, or nitrogen-platinum bonds; or aromatic or heteroaromatic bonds;

$R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^7$ , and  $R^8$  are each independently selected from optionally substituted alkyl, and optionally substituted aryl;

$R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ ,  $R^9$ ,  $R^{10}$ , and  $R^{11}$ , if present, are each members independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkanoyl, optionally substituted alkoxy carbonyl, optionally substituted alkylcarbamoyl, and a

Appl. No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

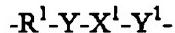
chelating ligand, wherein at least one of R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, and R<sup>11</sup> comprises a water soluble group;

R<sup>12</sup>, R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, R<sup>15</sup>, R<sup>16</sup>, R<sup>17</sup>, R<sup>18</sup>, R<sup>19</sup>, R<sup>20</sup>, R<sup>21</sup>, R<sup>22</sup> and R<sup>23</sup> are each members independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted alkylthio, optionally substituted alkylamino and optionally substituted alkoxy, or in an alternative embodiment, at least one of i) R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, and the carbons to which they are attached, or ii) R<sup>17</sup>, R<sup>18</sup>, and the carbons to which they are attached, or iii) R<sup>21</sup>, R<sup>22</sup> and the carbons to which they are attached, join to form a fused benzene ring; and

X<sup>2</sup> and X<sup>3</sup> are each members independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylene optionally interrupted by a heteroatom.

18. (Original) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 17, wherein said material is a biomolecule;

L is of the formula:



wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is a bivalent radical or a direct link;

Y and Y<sup>1</sup> are each independently selected from the group consisting of a direct link, oxygen, an optionally substituted nitrogen and sulfur;

X<sup>1</sup> is a member selected from the group consisting of a direct link and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylene optionally interrupted by a heteroatom;

R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, and R<sup>8</sup> are each independently selected from optionally substituted alkyl, and optionally substituted aryl;

R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, and R<sup>11</sup>, if present, are each members independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkanoyl, optionally substituted alkoxycarbonyl, optionally substituted alkylcarbamoyl, and a chelating ligand, wherein at least two of R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, and R<sup>11</sup> comprises a water soluble group; and

Appl. No. 10/693,300  
Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

$R^{12}$ ,  $R^{13}$ ,  $R^{14}$ ,  $R^{15}$ ,  $R^{16}$ ,  $R^{17}$ ,  $R^{18}$ ,  $R^{19}$ ,  $R^{20}$ ,  $R^{21}$ ,  $R^{22}$  and  $R^{23}$  are each members independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted alkylthio, optionally substituted alkylamino and optionally substituted alkoxy, or in an alternative embodiment, at least one of i)  $R^{13}$ ,  $R^{14}$ , and the carbons to which they are attached, or ii)  $R^{17}$ ,  $R^{18}$ , and the carbons to which they are attached, or iii)  $R^{21}$ ,  $R^{22}$  and the carbons to which they are attached, join to form a fused benzene ring.

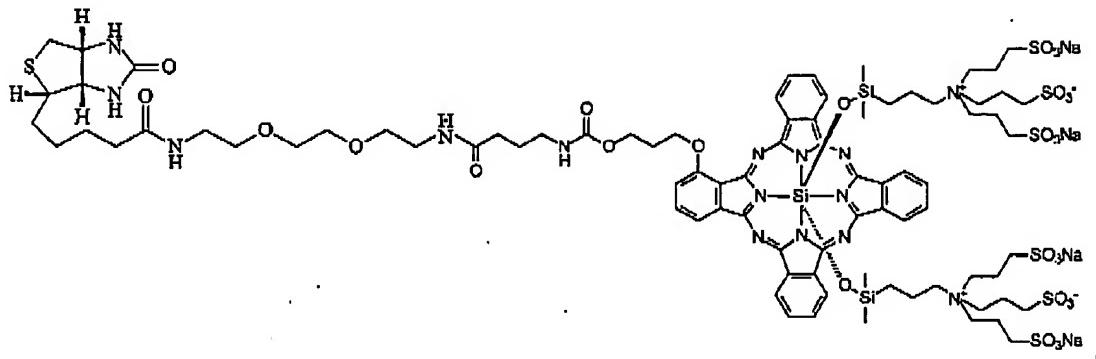
19. (Original) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 18, wherein  $R^1$  is a bivalent radical selected from the group consisting of optionally substituted alkylene, optionally substituted alkyleneoxycarbonyl, optionally substituted alkylene carbamoyl, optionally substituted alkylene sulfonyl, optionally substituted alkylene sulfonyle carbamoyl, optionally substituted arylene, optionally substituted arylene sulfonyl, optionally substituted arylene oxycarbonyl, optionally substituted arylene carbamoyl, optionally substituted arylene sulfonyle carbamoyl, optionally substituted carboxyalkyl, optionally substituted carbamoyl, optionally substituted carbonyl, optionally substituted heteroarylene, optionally substituted heteroaryleneoxycarbonyl, optionally substituted heteroarylene carbamoyl, optionally substituted heteroarylene sulfonyle carbamoyl, optionally substituted sulfonyl carbamoyl, optionally substituted thiocarbonyl, a optionally substituted sulfonyl, and optionally substituted sulfinyl.

20. (Original) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 18, wherein said biomolecule is a member selected from the group consisting of a small molecule, a marker, a cell, a liposome, a protein, a peptide, an enzyme substrate, a hormone, an antibody, an antigen, a hapten, an avidin, a streptavidin, biotin, a carbohydrate, an oligosaccharide, a polysaccharide, a nucleic acid, a deoxy nucleic acid, a fragment of DNA, a fragment of RNA, nucleotide triphosphates, acyclo terminator triphosphates, and PNA.

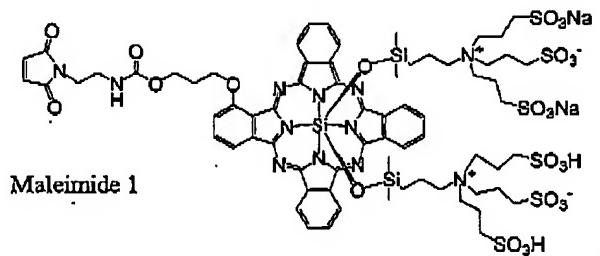
Appl. No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

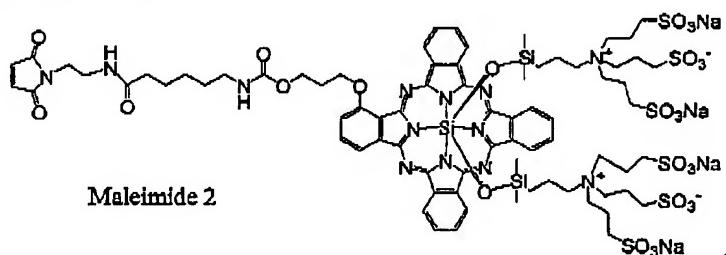
**21.** (Currently amended) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 20, wherein said phthalocyanine dye has the formula:



**22.** (Currently amended) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 20, wherein said phthalocyanine dye has the formula:



**23.** (Original) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 20, wherein said phthalocyanine dye has the formula:



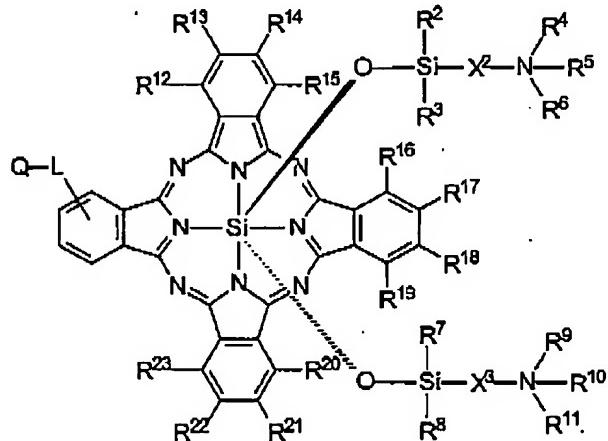
Appl. No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

**24.** (Original) The phthalocyanine dye of claim 18, wherein the covalent linkage between L-R<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of a direct bond, an amide bond, an ester bond, an ether bond, an oxime bond, a phosphate ester bond, a sulfonamide bond, a thioether bond, a thiourea bond, and an urea bond.

**25.** (Withdrawn) A process for making a dye-labeled biomolecule, said method comprising:

contacting a biomolecule and an optional activating reagent with a compound having the formula:

**Ib**

wherein:

L is a member selected from the group consisting of a direct link, or a covalent linkage, wherein said covalent linkage is linear or branched, cyclic or heterocyclic, saturated or unsaturated, having 1-60 atoms selected from the group consisting of C, N, P, O, and S, wherein L can have additional hydrogen atoms to fill valences, wherein said linkage contains any combination of ether, thioether, amine, ester, carbamate, urea, thiourea, oxy or amide bonds; or single, double, triple or aromatic carbon-carbon bonds; or phosphorus-oxygen, phosphorus-sulfur, nitrogen-nitrogen, nitrogen-oxygen, or nitrogen-platinum bonds; or aromatic or heteroaromatic bonds;

Q is a reactive or an activatable group;

Appl. No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

$R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^7$ , and  $R^8$  are each independently selected from optionally substituted alkyl, and optionally substituted aryl;

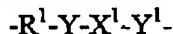
$R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ ,  $R^9$ ,  $R^{10}$ , and  $R^{11}$ , if present, are each members independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkanoyl, optionally substituted alkoxy carbonyl, optionally substituted alkylcarbamoyl, and a chelating ligand wherein at least one of  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ ,  $R^9$ ,  $R^{10}$ , and  $R^{11}$  comprises a water soluble group;

$R^{12}$ ,  $R^{13}$ ,  $R^{14}$ ,  $R^{15}$ ,  $R^{16}$ ,  $R^{17}$ ,  $R^{18}$ ,  $R^{19}$ ,  $R^{20}$ ,  $R^{21}$ ,  $R^{22}$  and  $R^{23}$  are each members independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted alkylthio, optionally substituted alkylamino and optionally substituted alkoxy, or in an alternative embodiment, at least one of i)  $R^{13}$ ,  $R^{14}$ , and the carbons to which they are attached, or ii)  $R^{17}$ ,  $R^{18}$ , and the carbons to which they are attached, or iii)  $R^{21}$ ,  $R^{22}$  and the carbons to which they are attached, join to form a fused benzene ring; and

$X^2$  and  $X^3$  are each members independently selected from the group consisting of  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkylene optionally interrupted by a heteroatom, for sufficient time, thereby making a dye-labeled biomolecule.

26. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 25, wherein Q is a reactive or an activatable group selected from the group consisting of an alcohol, an activated ester, an acyl halide; an alkyl halide, an optionally substituted amine, an anhydride, a carboxylic acid, a carbodiimide, hydroxyl, iodoacetamide, an isocyanate, an isothiocyanate, a maleimide, an NHS ester, a phosphoramidite, a sulfonate ester, a thiol, and a thiocyanate.

27. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 25, wherein L is of the formula:



wherein

$R^1$  is a bivalent radical or a direct link;

$Y$  and  $Y^1$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of a direct link, oxygen, an optionally substituted nitrogen and sulfur;

Appl. No. 10/693,300  
Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

X<sup>1</sup> is a member selected from the group consisting of a direct link and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylene optionally interrupted by a heteroatom;

R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, and R<sup>8</sup> are each independently selected from optionally substituted alkyl, and optionally substituted aryl;

R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, and R<sup>11</sup>, if present, are each members independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkanoyl, optionally substituted alkoxy carbonyl, optionally substituted alkyl carbamoyl, and a chelating ligand, wherein at least two of R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, and R<sup>11</sup> comprises a water soluble group; and

R<sup>12</sup>, R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, R<sup>15</sup>, R<sup>16</sup>, R<sup>17</sup>, R<sup>18</sup>, R<sup>19</sup>, R<sup>20</sup>, R<sup>21</sup>, R<sup>22</sup> and R<sup>23</sup> are each members independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted alkylthio, optionally substituted alkylamino and optionally substituted alkoxy, or in an alternative embodiment, at least one of i) R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, and the carbons to which they are attached, or ii) R<sup>17</sup>, R<sup>18</sup>, and the carbons to which they are attached, or iii) R<sup>21</sup>, R<sup>22</sup> and the carbons to which they are attached, join to form a fused benzene ring.

28. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 25, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is a bivalent radical selected from the group consisting of optionally substituted alkylene, optionally substituted alkylene oxycarbonyl, optionally substituted alkylene carbamoyl, optionally substituted alkylene sulfonyl, optionally substituted alkylene sulfonyl carbamoyl, optionally substituted arylene, optionally substituted arylene sulfonyl, optionally substituted arylene oxycarbonyl, optionally substituted arylene carbamoyl, optionally substituted arylene sulfonyl carbamoyl, optionally substituted carboxyalkyl, optionally substituted carbamoyl, optionally substituted carbonyl, optionally substituted heteroarylene, optionally substituted heteroarylene oxycarbonyl, optionally substituted heteroarylene carbamoyl, optionally substituted heteroarylene sulfonyl carbamoyl, optionally substituted sulfonyl carbamoyl, optionally substituted thiocarbonyl, a optionally substituted sulfonyl, and optionally substituted sulfinyl.

29. (Currently amended) The process of claim 25, wherein R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, and R<sup>8</sup> are each independently selected from optionally substituted alkyl, and optionally substituted aryl;

Appl. No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

$R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ ,  $R^9$ ,  $R^{10}$ , and  $R^{11}$ , if present, are each members independently selected from an optionally substituted alkyl, wherein at least two members of the group consisting of  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ ,  $R^7$ ,  $R^8$ , and  $R^9$  comprise a water soluble functional group;

$R^{12}$ ,  $R^{13}$ ,  $R^{14}$ ,  $R^{15}$ ,  $R^{16}$ ,  $R^{17}$ ,  $R^{18}$ ,  $R^{19}$ ,  $R^{20}$ ,  $R^{21}$ ,  $R^{22}$  and  $R^{23}$  are each hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted alkylthio, optionally substituted alkylamino and optionally substituted alkoxy, or in an alternative embodiment, at least one of  $R^{13}$ ,  $R^{14}$ , and the carbons to which they are attached, or  $R^{17}$ ,  $R^{18}$ , and the carbons to which they are attached, or  $R^{21}$ ,  $R^{22}$  and the carbons to which they are attached, join to form a fused benzene ring;

$X^1$ ,  $X^2$  and  $X^3$  are each members independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylene optionally interrupted by a heteroatom; and

$Y$  and  $Y^1$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of a direct link, oxygen, an optionally substituted nitrogen and sulfur[[;]] ;

30. (Currently amended) The process of claim 25, wherein  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^7$ , and  $R^8$  are each independently selected from optionally substituted methyl, ethyl, and isopropyl;

$R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ ,  $R^9$ ,  $R^{10}$ , and  $R^{11}$ , if present, are each members independently selected from an optionally substituted alkyl, wherein at least two members of the group consisting of  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ ,  $R^7$ ,  $R^8$ , and  $R^9$  comprise a substituent selected from the group consisting of a carboxylate (-CO<sub>2</sub>) group, a sulfonate (-SO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>) group, a sulfonyl (-SO<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup>) group, a sulfate (-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>-2</sup>) group, a hydroxyl (-OH) group, a phosphate (-OPO<sub>3</sub><sup>-2</sup>) group, a phosphonate (-PO<sub>3</sub><sup>-2</sup>) group, an amine (-NH<sub>2</sub>) group and an optionally substituted quaternized nitrogen with each having an optional counter ion;

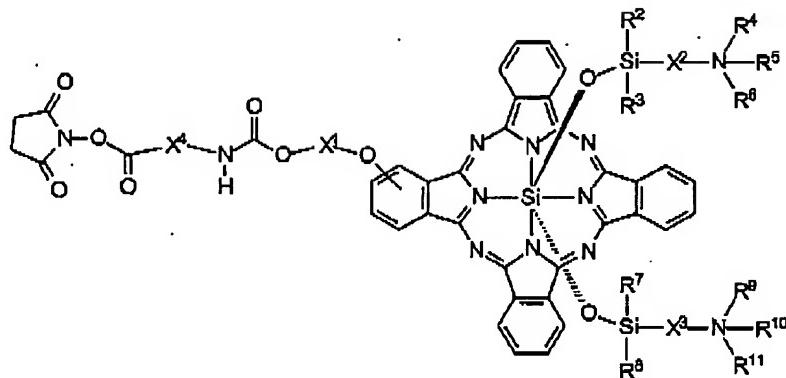
$R^{12}$ ,  $R^{13}$ ,  $R^{14}$ ,  $R^{15}$ ,  $R^{16}$ ,  $R^{17}$ ,  $R^{18}$ ,  $R^{19}$ ,  $R^{20}$ ,  $R^{21}$ ,  $R^{22}$  and  $R^{23}$  are each hydrogen;

$X^1$ ,  $X^2$  and  $X^3$  are each members independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylene optionally interrupted by a heteroatom; and

$Y$  and  $Y^1$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of a direct link, oxygen, an optionally substituted nitrogen and sulfur[[;]] ;

31. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 25, wherein said compound has the formula:

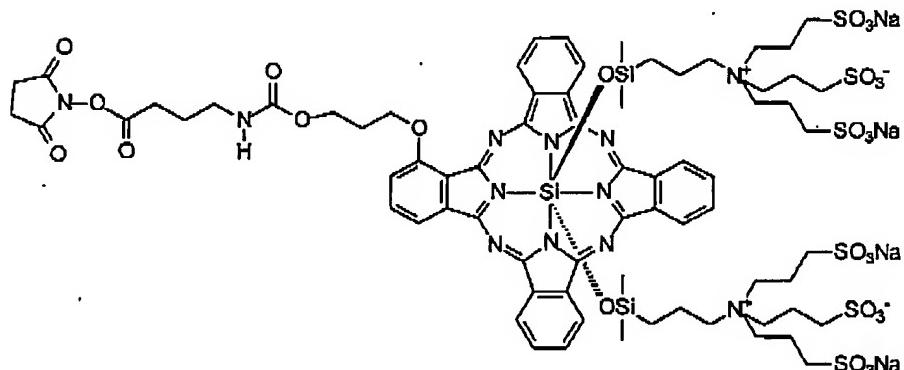
Appl. No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

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wherein  $X^4$  is a  $C_1-C_{10}$  alkylene optionally interrupted by a heteroatom.

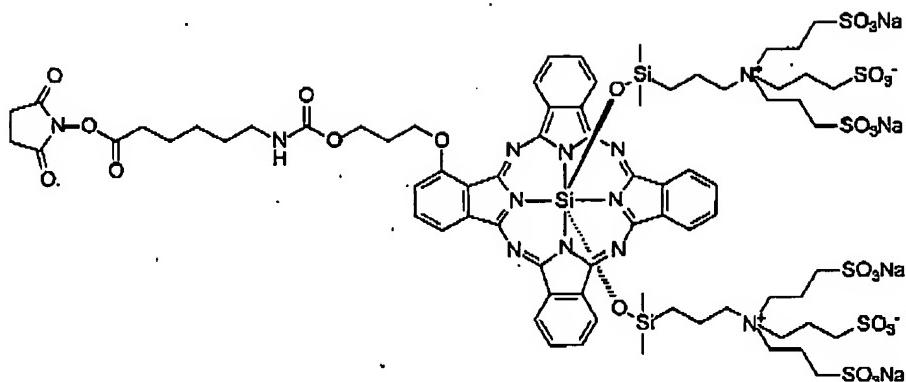
**32.** (Withdrawn) The process of claim 25, wherein said compound has the formula:



Id

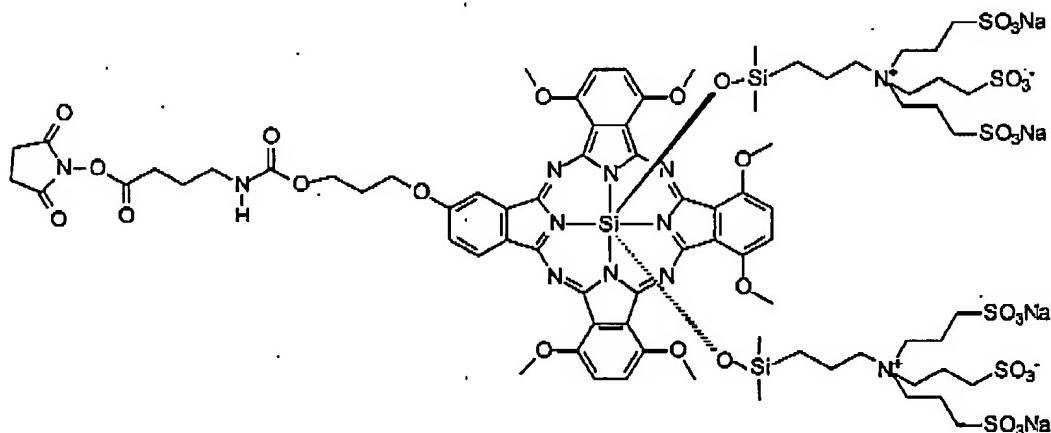
**33.** (Currently amended) The process of claim 25, wherein said compound has the formula:

Appl. No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

Id-1

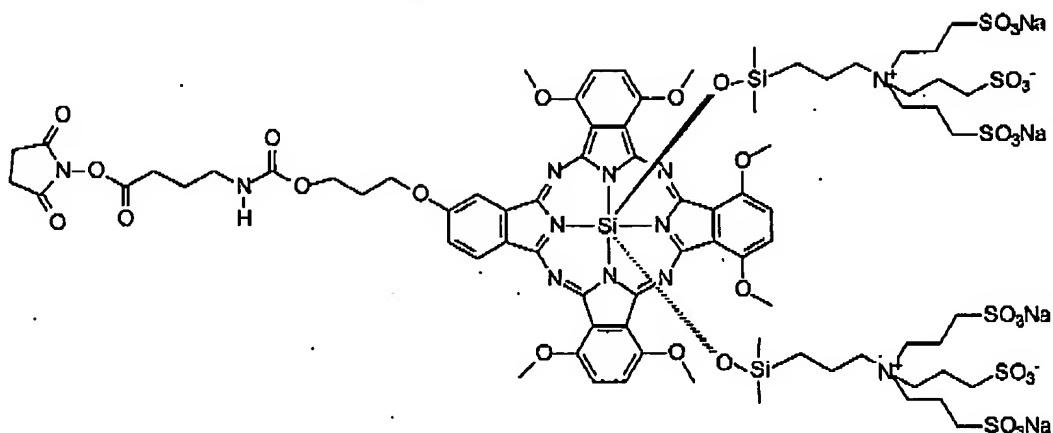
34. (Currently amended) The process of claim 25, wherein said compound has the formula:



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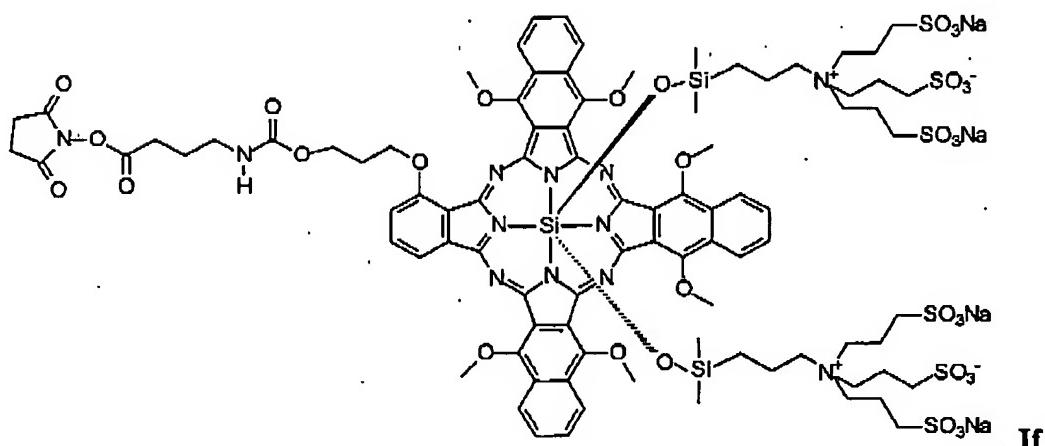
35. (Currently amended) The process of claim 25, wherein said compound has the formula:

AppL No. 10/693,300  
 Amdt. dated June 14, 2005  
 Reply to Office Action of March 14, 2005

PATENT

Ie-1

36. (Withdrawn) The process of claim 25, wherein said compound has the formula:



If

37. (Withdrawn) A kit for labeling a biomolecule, said kit comprising:  
 a compound according to claim 1; and  
 instructions for use.

38. (Withdrawn) The kit of claim 37, wherein said kit further comprises a buffer.